

CHAPTER IV

ANALYSIS

This chapter will give thorough analysis and interpretation based on the findings. Analyzing the findings will use the theories that connected to the topic about Ecocriticism. This chapter connected with two of the previous chapters. The writer uses the procedure of the data analysis as stated in chapter 3.

4.1 Data Analysis

Ecocriticism term is formed from the word ecology and criticism. Ecology can be defined as the scientific study of plants, animals, and humans' relationship against each other and to the environment (Garrard, 2004: 4). *Replenish the Earth* drama script has close connection with the environmental issues especially on animal. The drama script told about someone who save the panthers and take care of it patiently. Because he did a good thing to the panthers, he got good consequences from his act. Ecocriticism is the study of relationship between human and non human. This drama script is related to the topic about environmental issues.

4.1.1 Human being treats Panther

There are many ways to treat the nature especially animal. We can take care of them as we can. We can feed them when they feel hungry. We can save them in a good way. We can not separate them with their family. We also take care to their family. We taken care them, and then we give back to their dwelling. Here, are the data that researcher found to answer the first question that is how the main character treat the panther in the *Replenish the Earth* drama script. The analysis bellow:

“GRANDPA

(Weak)

...*Replenish the earth...*

(Pause)

May humans forever remain 'noble savages', living in harmony with nature." (Larson, 1989: 2).

“Ecocriticism is the study of the relationship of the human and the non-human, human throughout cultural history and entailing a critical analysis of the term 'human' itself.” (Greg Garrard, 2004: 5). From that word “may human forever remain ‘noble savages’, living in harmony with nature” has connection with the theory of Greg Garrard above that human and non human must have the relationship each other. Human and non-human have to be one unity because human and non-human need each other. We can say that the human and non human have to live together in a good way to make a good live for them. The researcher believe that between human and non human have the connection because sometimes human need non human and also the contrary. Between human and non human have to live together in a harmony to make a good connection each other.

This quotation will explain more about the way grandpa treats the panthers.

“MICHELE

(Goes to him. Looks at clipboard)

What're you up to?

GRANDPA

(Looks at clipboard)

I think it's time to check up on one of the panthers.

(Searches)

MICHELE

Which one?”(Larson, 1989:3).

“to dissociate themselves from androids, humans must associate themselves with animal (which are turn disassociated from androids if they

are 'real' to retire rogue androids in order to be able to afford a live pet, which he wants in order to distinguish himself from androids." (Shapiro quoted Garrard, 2004:144)." "I think it's time to check up on one of the panthers", that words mean the human pet the panthers in a correct way. He took care of panthers correctly. He always checks the condition of his panthers every day. He taken care all of his panthers. Grandpa checks the condition of the panther to know the panther in a good or bad. He always does that way to make sure that his panthers always in a good condition. It is related to the theory above that human has to pet the animal in a good way than just playing android. The next quotation still about the way grandpa treats the panthers.

Grandpa : He's been around since I've been caretaker. He's such an ornery critter. (Smiles)

It's like an old friend that you bicker with a lot.

(Frowns a little)

He's getting pretty old, though. I don't think we'll tranquilize him this time.

(Pause) I'm afraid he hasn't got much time left
(Larson, 1989: 4).

"The study of the relations between animals and humans in the humanities is split between philosophical consideration of animal rights and cultural analysis of the representation of animal (Garrard, 2004:136)." According to the theory, means that human and non-human has the relationship or we can call it as a friend. So, the sentence: *It's like an old friend that you bicker with a lot.* It refers to the theory above. Human and non-human is a friend. We will need each other to make this planet live happily. Grandpa has take care the panthers for a long time; it makes the panthers also feel that grandpa is her friend.

This quotation show about how Michele treats the panthers

Michele : Well, I'm glad I'm done with it. Now, I can finally do what I've dreamed of doing: work with you to save the panthers (Larson, 1989: 8).

That quotation means that Michele has the dream to save the panther. Michele wants to save the panthers like her grandpa done. She wants to save the panther with her grandpa to make a panther's live in a long time. That sentence is still less of connection with the theory. That quotation still connected with the next quotations to make the analysis more convince

Michele : I'm glad you didn't. Saving the panther has been one of the most important things in my life since mom passed away (Larson, 1989:8).

That quotation also explains that Michele has dream to save the panther. Michele still said the 'saving the panthers are the most important thing in her live'. It means that she still have that dream. She never changed her dream. She still believes that saving the panthers is important in her life. But, it is still not the best quotation to make clear about Michele's dream. The next quotation will strengthen those two previous quotations.

MICHELE

Come on, live a little. Your granddaughter's a graduate and now your employee.

(Bowing)

A servant to the Florida Panther (Larson, 1989: 5).

From those three quotations above said that Michele will save the panther or Michele will try to pet the panthers in the Zoo. And the last sentence strengthen that Michele wants to be a servant to the Florida Panther. It is connected that when we look at animal, we will dream something with the animal. Like Michele, when she looks at the panthers every day, she has a

dream to be a servant to the Florida Panther. That is connected with the theory from Garrard, ' When we look at animals, they return our gaze, and in that moment we are aware of both likeness and difference (Garrard, 2004:139)'. We will aware that saving the animal is the way to know our gaze. By looking at them every day, we will know what the animal need is and what the differences between panthers and other animal are. Dream and passion will appear when we do something in our way. It will refer to our every day live. What we done every day or what we look every day, we will find our passion or dream from our everyday life.

This quotation show about the way grandpa explains to young Michele that as human we can not doing anything we want.

GRANDPA

(Picks panther up)

Useless? What do you think gives flowers water, and keeps plants alive?

(She shrugs)

Where do you think rivers get their water? Some animal's favorite thing is rain (Larson, 1989: 34).

Young Michele is not happy when rain comes. She always stays in her bedroom. She thinks when rain comes it is very bored day. She dislikes rain. Whereas, there are other creator need rain. From the sentences above, some animal's favorite thing is rain. It is connected that human can not take everything they want. They have to know other creator needs. Human has to know it as well. So, human never take everything of others. Human will know what is for animal and for human. This quotation will strengthen the quotation before to get the clear meaning.

Grandpa : GRANDPA

(Takes panther)

Humans aren't the center of everything. We can't have everything our way. We're a small part of the world around us. We must share with the other creatures of the earth and take only that which we need. (Larson, 1989: 36)

Human and non-human has the same right in this world. Human has obligation to share everything with other creatures to make the balance of this world. If human not share or just take everything they want, other creatures will angry and make the world become unbalance. Human can not take everything they want. Human has to know it is their need or no. So, human and non- human must have a good relationship to make the balance of this world. The study of the relations between animals and humans in the humanities is split between philosophical consideration of animal rights and cultural analysis of the representation of animal (Garrard, 2004:136) Non-human also has the right to take everything they want in this world. Human must know it and try to share it.

YOUNG MICHELE

But, you're helping them aren't you, Grandpa?

GRANDPA

*I'm trying, but it's hard when no one wants to help.
(Larson, 1989: 23)*

Grandpa helping to save the panthers although there is no person helps him. It is hard when he just saving the panthers individually. When grandpa saves one panther, but others killed three panthers, it is very hard work to help the panthers. Others have to help it. We can choose help to saving them, or we help not to kill them. Just let them live in its dwelling. The quotations above are not clear enough to connect with the theory. So, the next quotation will give more explanation that connected with theory.

GRANDPA

You're quite the little actress. It will come in handy when you help me to save the Florida

panthers.

YOUNG MICHELE

(Brightens)

You want me to help?

GRANDPA

Nothing would make me happier (Larson, 1989: 25).

Grandpa asks young Michele to help him to save the panthers. Young Michele wants to help grandpa to save the panthers. Young Michele tries to help her grandpa to save the panther. Grandpa feels happy when young Michele wants to help him. He feels happy because there is someone who will help him to save and take care of the panthers. They are trying to save the panthers together because the panthers will not be extinct when there are many people who save them. This quotation is also still less from the theory. So, the next quotation will strengthen the quotations above.

GRANDPA

And you left all that behind.

MICHELE

No. The panthers are my life. I want so badly to save them, but without you, I was afraid I couldn't do it (Larson, 1989: 52).

Michele also helps her grandpa to save the panthers. She also needs her grandpa's input to save the panthers correctly. Because when she can not save the panthers correctly, the panthers will be extinct. Michele needs her grandpa's suggestion how to save the panthers. Michele also wants to save the panthers with her grandpa to make a good way to save the panthers. That quotation is still unclear. The following quotations will explain more and strengthen those three quotations above.

Young Michele : I have decided to devote my life to saving the Florida panther, just like you.

Young Michele : Oh, no. I want to help the panther. (Hugs stuffed animal) I'll do everything I can to help them recover from being in trouble of disappearing (Larson, 1989: 47).

When Michele still young, she also want to save the panthers as her grandpa done. She wants to save them as long as she can. She has the stuffed animal, it means that she really want to save the animal. She saves the stuffed until she grown up. It means that she really want to save the panthers when she to be adult. The stuffed animal she saves correctly. It will connect when she save the original panthers. When she grown up, she still want do that and she done it. She wants the panther not to be extinct because when one of the panthers died. It will make the others panthers died also. There is no human care about that. We have to remind other people to save in danger animal. Save them not only pet them but we just let them live happily in their dwelling. To conclude all those sentences above are human has to save the panthers correctly. It will give the best result of it. The other panthers also get the result. Two panthers saved by human will give the new generation of it. So that, she want to recover the panthers from being in trouble disappearing. Garrard said the death of an individual is also the death of its kind (2004: 156). It means that when one individual death it will influence others death also. Because of one panthers has connection with other panthers.

Grandpa and Michele : There once was a trapper, stricken by Florida's Disease which was thought to have no cure. He wanted to spend his final days doing what he loved the most.

GRANDPA

(In distaste)

Trapping.

MICHELE

So he sold everything, packed his gear, and set out into the wilderness. After a few days, he came upon a Florida panther killed by one of his traps.

GRANDPA

(Appalled)

What?!

MICHELE

Wait. Listen.

GRANDPA

(Pouting)

Fine, I'll be quiet and listen up.

MICHELE

Making the best of the situation, he started a fire, skinned the panther, and cooked it.

GRANDPA

(Angrily)

Fiend.

MICHELE

(Ignoring him)

His feast was a fitting last meal, in his opinion, and he got the most out of it that he could.

GRANDPA

Stewing)

That dirty, rotten...

MICHELE

So he made a mixture with the panther's blood and bone marrow which happened to succeed in soothing the aches and pains of the disease. One week after the disease should have taken his life, he walked out of the forest, cured.

GRANDPA

I hope they locked him up. The penalty for killing a Florida panther...

MICHELE

He wasn't punished.

GRANDPA

(Furious)

That's crazy!

MICHELE

Instead, they presented him with a patent on his new drug and set him up with a grant to conduct more research.

GRANDPA

(Crossing downstage)

I can't believe this!

MICHELE

The only thing standing in his way is the caretaker of the Florida panthers. (He stops and turns to look at her) Yes. You're the only one who is holding him back.

GRANDPA

Good

MICHELE

Please take the drug.

GRANDPA

Never! (Larson, 1989: 40-45).

Michele tries to give medicine to her grandpa. Michele told that there is someone who has the same disease with her grandpa. The medicine is the panthers itself. But, her grandpa rejects it and said that the person who killed panthers must get the punishment. It means that grandpa treat the panther as like his friend. He does not want to kill them although for his health. He chooses the panther's live than his health. His way is one of the

good ways to save the extinct animal because nowadays there are many animals will be extinct. Human killed animal and make them be medicine to treat the human disease. Human never think that animal has right to live in this earth. Human just think their live, they never think that make the medicine from animal is making the animal's live in danger. 'One of the key concerns of wildlife documentaries is that some species may become extinct. Many wildlife biologists believe that we are in the early stages of a mass extinction'(Garrard, 2004:155). It means that in this era there are many animals will be extinct because of human error. So, we have to save the animal to make a good live in this world. We have to keep the animal to make this earth more complete.

Young Michele : I gave those boys the speech of their lives. I did make the others feel guilty and they backed off, but one of them became more violent with the cat. I grabbed the cat away from him and he pushed me. So, I turned and punched him in the nose (Larson, 1989: 67).

Young Michele tries to save a cat when her friends in the school try to hit the cat. Young Michele doing something to protect the cat. She gives a good lesson to her friend. She tried to remembered them that animal is also our friends, so don't hit them. One of her friends did not care and still hit the cat, but young Michele take away the cat and hit him. It means that we have to protect animal as we can, wild animal or domesticated animal is also our responsibility. Ecocritics also rely on the distinction, but tend to venerate wild animals while treating cattle, sheep and cats as the destructive accomplices of human culture (Garrard, 2004:149). There are many differences with wild animal and domesticated animal, but all of them are our responsibility.

Michele : In every beast of the earth, In every bird of the sky, In every living creature upon the earth, there is life.(page: 67)

In every part of earth there is life. It means that Michele believe that this earth not only for human. It is also for non-human. We as human must know how to live together with them. We have to know how to treat them in this earth. One of the ways is giving them chance to live happily with us. The earth is the place we live in a long term until we died. So, we have to know how to live in this earth happily by lived together with other god's creator. Dwelling is not a transit states, rather it implies the long-term imbrications of humans in a landscape of memory, ancestry and death, of ritual, life and work (Garrard, 2004:108).

MICHELE

The panther's numbers keep growing. Within a year they are expected to hit fifty. (Larson, 1989: 63).

Michele has taken care of the panther until the panthers growing increasingly. She believes that a year later the panthers will have a new generation. That quotation means when human taken care correctly, the pet will grow increasingly. To strengthen that quotation, the following quotation will give more explanation.

Michele : I helped deliver a baby panther today. It was so exciting seeing the first of a new generation being born. It gives you so much hope. (Larson, 1989: 62).

Michele helped deliver a baby panther and she feels happy because she can help them. She not only takes care of the old panthers but also to the new generation of it. She tries to take care to others family of panther because when she take care of all the family of it, saving panthers is easier. The relationship was full of responsibilities-to the animals, to himself, and to his family (Claude Evans, 2005:11). The relationship not only with the panther, but also we have to responsibilities to it their family also.

Relationship is more beautiful when we can take care of them as long as we can save them.

The researcher sees many treatments that human done to the panthers, such as saving them, taking care of them, feed them, keeping them and etc. it can be example of us how to save the nature in a good way. We have to follow what the grandpa done. It is make us as human know that saving the panthers is not too hard when we do it with our heart. We have to take care of them every time. The following is about the consequences of human because of their act.

4.1.2. The Consequences of Human from the act.

Human is the creator of god that has brain to think everything. God create human to keep our earth. Human can do everything they want but they will get the consequences of their act. Everything that human done will has the consequences; sometimes the consequences from the one who get the treatment, sometimes the consequences from the others. In this case, the researcher found some consequences that the human got from his act.

Michele : Congress also agreed to expand their territory to compensate for the growing numbers (Larson, 1989: 63).

Because of the grandpa struggle to save the panthers, the congress agreed to expand the territory of panther's wilderness. Every action that we did for a good thing, it will get a good result also. It is not only for the human, but also for non-human and every creator in this earth. In this case, the result of grandpa's action is the congress agreed with him to save the panther. So, he will get the new work because of his action.

Michele : You'll like this. A group in the Pacific Northwest is using your Florida panther program as a model for their fight to save the Spotted Owl (Larson, 1989: 64).

“If farming people define ‘home’ as opposed to the ‘wilderness’ and are inclined to view the fruits of their labor as the consequence of a struggle against nature rather than its blessings, the transition from Paleolithic hunter-gatherer to Neolithic farmer is for many wilderness advocates a crucial turning point, marking a ‘fall’ from a primal ecological grace “(Garrard, 2004:60). It is connected with the quotation above that everything that we have done for others, will get the good result also for us, and others. In this case, grandpa get the result that he will become one of a new artist. He is in a magazine cover as the one who save the panthers. It is one of the best result and prove that everything we done, there is result after it.

MICHELE

After raising a ruckus, I was able to get his research grant taken away. Then, he was jailed shortly after it was discovered he caused the death of a panther(Larson, 1989: 63).

Michele told to her grandpa about someone that killed the panther was jailed. Her grandpa happy because he believes that everything we do, there is the result of it. When we done something good, the result is good, but when we done something bad, the result will bad also. As like someone who killed the panthers and he got the punishment of it. Panthers is also become extinct animal, why he mush killed them to make medicine from it. So, he must get the punishment of it. He was jailed shortly after the panthers discovered. When we destroy nature, we diminish ourselves and impoverish our children (Evans, 2005:11). When we destroy nature, we

will get the result of it. Our children also got it because they are our new generation.

Michele : Right here in my hands, I hold before me a special National Geographic about the Florida panther and the man that saved them (Larson, 1989: 65).

Michele informed to her grandpa that her grandpa got the result of his act. Michele told to her grandpa that he can get his dream. That quotation is not clearly enough to connect with the theory. The next quotation will explain more about the theory.

Michele : They made me an advisor, too. It's exciting to watch the process all over again; watching your programs at work somewhere else (Larson, 1989: 64).

Michele got the result of her act of saving the panthers. She becomes an advisor in TV program. Michele and her grandpa got the best result of their act. So that, the following sentence will strengthen those two sentences above. This quotation will explain correctly with the theory.

Michele : I know you've always dreamed about this. You said you would know you had succeeded when you made the cover of National Geographic.

GRANDPA

(Smiles)

Yes, I did.

MICHELE

You did it, Grandpa. You saved them. All that you have done will be remembered forever, and forever will be just a little bit longer because of what you have done.

(Opens magazine)

"His fight has saved the Florida Panther and has given us a model to follow so that we may also replenish the earth." (Larson, 1989: 66).

Because of his act to save the panther patiently, grandpa got the result of it. He had known as the one who save the panthers correctly. He feed it, he take care of it, he trying to give the best to the panthers. Moreover he got disease from panthers; he did not want to let the panther go from his life. He felt that the panther is his life. He can not life without panthers. Now, he got the result of it. He is in the cover of magazine, so that all of people will know him and all of people will praise to him because of his act." And this respect and aware crucial part of what it means to live a truly successful life, successful in human terms which are not dissociated from the world of which we are a part (Claude Evans, 2005: 15-16)". When we respect and aware to the nature and others creature, we will get the successful in life. Everything will connect to our act.

From those consequences, the researcher sees that who take care to the nature and respect to them, they will get the good consequences. Who destroy natures; they will get the bad consequences. Everything depends on our act. When we done something good, we will get the good consequences In this case, grandpa got some consequences one of the consequences is he knows by all of people because of his act that is saving the panthers. He also recover from his diseases soon without killed the panthers.