

CHAPTER V
CONCLUSION

Based on the analysis discussed in Chapter IV, the conclusions are as follows:

There are 57 names of medicines. Some of them are as follows:

Cefixime

Oxtin

Bricasma

Mefinal

Methyl prednison

The meaning of the kinds of medicine:

The Kinds of Medicine	The meaning
Tb (Tabletta) or Tab	Tablet
Botol	Bottle
Syr (Syrupus)	Syrup
Tetes	Drops
Pulv (Pulvis)	Powder
Jel	Gel

The meaning of the instructions of using medicine:

The Instructions of Using Medicine	The meaning
S 3 dd 1 (Sumat 3 de die 1)	Consume medicine 3 times a day.
Sue (Sumat usus externus)	Medicine used for outer regions of the body
S-1-1-0 (Sumat 1-1-0)	Consume medicine twice a day; at morning and afternoon.
S 1 dd 1 (Sumat 1 de die 1)	Consume medicine once a day.
S 2-3 dd 1 sendok obat batuk (Sumat 2-3 de die 1)	Consume medicine twice or 3 times a day. The measurement is the spoon of cough medicine.
S 2-3 dd 1(iritasi) (Sumat 2-3 de die 1)	Consume medicine twice or 3 times a day (Irritation).
S 3 gtt I (Sumat 3 guttae 1)	Drop medicine in to eyes 3 times a day.
S 2 dd 1 (Sumat 2 de die 1)	Consume medicine twice a day.
S 3 dd pulv (Sumat 3 de die pulvis)	Consume medicine 3 times a day. The medicine is powder.

The Instructions of Using Medicine	The meaning
S 4 dd qm 1 ods (Sumat 4 de die 1 quam minima occulus dexter et sinister)	Drop medicine 4 times a day as little as possible in the right and left eyes.
S-0-0-1/2 (Sumat 0 0 ½)	Consume a half of medicine once at night.
S 5-0-10 mg (Sumat 5-0-10 mg)	Consume medicine at morning; 5 mg and at evening; 10 mg.
S 1 dd 1 malam (Sumat 1 de die 1)	Consume medicine once at night.
S 001 (Sumat 001 de die 1)	Consume medicine once at night.
S 3 dd prn (Sumat 3 de die 1 pro re nata)	Consume medicine 3 times a day rarely if it needed.
S 4 dd cth 1 (4 Sumat de die cochlear thea 1)	Consume medicine 4 times a day. The measurement is the spoon of tea.
S 3 dd 1 'dihisap' (Sumat 3 de die 1)	Consume medicine 3 times a day. And the medicine must be absorbed.
S 1-0-0 pc (Sumat 1-0-0 post cibum)	Consume medicine once at morning after eat.

The instructions how to compound the medicine:

No	Abbreviation of the instruction	Meaning
1	m.f pulv dtd no XV (misca fac pulvis detur tales dosis numero 15)	Mix all those medicines, turn into powder then give to the patient for 15 packs.
2	m.f pulv dtd no IX (misca fac pulvis detur tales dosis numero 9)	Mix all those medicines, turn into powder then give to the patient for 9 packs.
3	m.f pulv dtd no XV (misca fac pulvis detur tales dosis numero 5)	Mix all those medicines, turn into powder then give to the patient for 5 packs.
4	m.f pulv dtd no X (misca fac pulvis detur tales dosis numero 10)	Mix all those medicines, turn into powder then give to the patient for 10 packs.

Registers of pharmacists are only used by doctors and pharmacists to communicate about the medicine that should be given to the patients so that this communication will be only found in hospital and pharmacy when patient receive prescription then he or she goes to pharmacy to buy medicine that suggested by doctor. Doctors also should write his or her name, patient's name, patient's age

clearly so that he or she can take responsibility if there is something wrong with the prescriptions they had written. The language used by pharmacists to understand the prescriptions have been standardized legally World Health Organization.

The reasons why registers are used by pharmacists are: First people who introduce pharmaceutical science are from Greece, Latin was the universal language through the Roman Catholic religion which used Latin as their language to communicate between different speaking nations, doctors have agendas and busy days, so that is way they make it simple in abbreviation of kinds of medicines and instructions of using medicines, and to make the same standardization language among the organization of pharmacists around the world.