

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

In this chapter, the researcher presents the conclusion of the results in Hannibal Lecter's mental disease that is analyzed on the previous chapter.

5.1 Conclusion

Based on the analysing of post-traumatic stress disorder suffered by Hannibal Lecter in *Hannibal Rising* by Thomas Harris, the researcher can concludes it as follows:

5.1.1 Hannibal Lecter's Post-traumatic Stress Disorder

Hannibal Lecter suffers PTSD after experiencing traumatic events. Such as any other illness, there are some symptoms that will be experienced by the sufferer. In Hannibal's case, he suffers nightmare, flashbacks, avoidance, temporary memory loss, feeling of responsibility, annoying behaviour and explosive anger, self-destructive behaviour, and insomnia. Meanwhile the period of these symptoms end when Hannibal success to avenge the murderers.

5.1.2 The Causes of Trauma

PTSD that Hannibal suffers is a result of the traumatic events that are experienced by him on the past. They are becoming a survivor of WW II, being taken hostage along with his sister, and witnessing the death of his parents, closest, and little sister. However, the most traumatic event that imprints and leads it into PTSD is witnessing the death of his little sister, Mischa.

5.1.3 Hannibal Lecter's Resolution

Hannibal's uncle and untie, Robert Lecter and Lady Murasaki, have tried as hard as they can to cure Hannibal's sufferer. They take Hannibal to a psychiatry named Dr. Rufin, yet because of Hannibal's fragile condition at the time make him to negate any medical treatment. Therefore, Dr. Rufin suggests Robert and Lady Murasaki to engage Hannibal as much as possible into their family. Besides that, Hannibal also has his own solution to cure his disorder, which is avenging the murderers of his family.