### **CHAPTER II**

### REVIEW OF RELATED LITERATURE

This chapter will discuss about some related literatures for this thesis. It will discuss about the study of sociolinguistics, register variation based of profession, special words related to profession, The Reason for Using Special Words.

## 2.1 Sociolinguistics

A person uses a language he or she knows to fulfill his or her needs. However, to master a language is not only a matter of building a sentence, but also a matter of situation when the language is used and we must also consider about the age and sex, and the time we use the language. Some theories used by the writer are the theories to this research as the base of this research.

Holmes (1992: 2) said, that someone is using language to request information or provide information to others or to express thoughts or feelings, in accordance with the nature of language itself as a means of communication that is dynamic, then it can occur at the level of any changes such as in the areas of phonological, morphological, or lexicon or vocabulary in order to achieve something effective communication and mutual understanding between the parties that communicate.

Because the speakers are not homogeneous and also because of the social interaction activities that they are doing a very variety, then the inevitable happened diversity of languages so that speakers can convey information or express their thoughts and feelings effectively and correctly. Doctors, bankers, lawyers, politicians have their own language variations that arise due to the need of the situation and the work they do. For example: a doctor will use medical

terms to name the disease. They use these terms so that they have a common understanding on the condition of a patient's disease. With the technical terms to avoid double sense. Thus also be included in the terms of a picture of a person's disease. The doctors said it takes a short, dense and accurate, because there are times when they have to work in a condition that must quickly perform a treatment, for example, in the operating room or face pain patients. So does a lawyer need legal terminology when speaking in court, they use the legal terms that contain an understanding of a problem situation iuridis. Hence Holmes (*ibid*) says that "variety is a set of linguistic forms used under specific social circumstances, i.e. with a distinctive social distribution".

## 2.2 Register: Variation Based of Profession

The language variation is influenced by various factors. As the basis of this study we refer to the opinion of Holmes (1992: 11) which explains the emergence of language variation of several factors:

Not all factors are relevant in any particular context but they can be grouped in ways which are helpful. In any situation linguistic choices will generally reflect the influence of one or more of the following components:

- a. The participants: who is speaking to?
- b. The setting or social context of the interaction : where are they speaking?
- c. The topic: what is being talked about?
- d. The function: why are they speaking?

They are basic components in sociolinguistic explanations of why we don't all speak the same way, and why we don't all speak in the same way all of the time.

Holmes later said (*ibid.*) that the variation of the language, the first associated with the speakers of the language as the reflecting its users; The

second related to the wearer such as social setting and function of the interaction is done.

A variation of the language is based on its use by Holmes style and register, but there is some experts' sociolinguistics that equates just understanding or ignore. Style is often described again in accordance with the formality scale talks, for example, the discussion in formal situations or in casual situations. Joss (1967) in The five clocks divided into five levels, namely frozen, formal, consultative, casual and intimate, or translated in Indonesian with ragam beku, resmi, usaha, santai, dan akrab (Nababan, 1993: 22). Whereas according Holmes (ibid) registers associated with specific groups of people or specific usage situations, such as groups of doctors, lawyers, journalists, sports commentators, the language of the pilots. Thus the language describing the language of a group of people who have jobs or have the same hobby, or the language used in situations associated with specific groups. Holmes gave an example registers among sports commentators. In line with the rhythm of the match that took place at a fast tempo, so a sports commentator must run quickly, smoothly and in a language that is not perfect. They use the formulas to make them able to convey information concisely and precisely so easy to remember. To explain the emergence of registers in a group of people, Holmes (ibid) said:

The specialized register of occupational group develops initially from the desire for quick, efficient, knowledge and skill. Bricklayers, butchers, carpenters, dentists, doctors and linguists all adopt specialized terminology to express shared meaning concisely and precisely. Over time the language of such group develops more and more characteristics – lexical, syntactic and even phonological – which distinguish their communications from those other group.

Variety of scientific language is also known as characteristics that straightforward, clear, and free from ambiguity because scientific language should provide scientific information clearly, without a doubt the meaning of, and be free from the possibility of different interpretations of the meaning. Therefore, also, scientific language is not using all sorts of metaphors and idioms. Variations in language based on this function by Chaer and Agustina (1993: 69) called registers. For example in the medical field is called the term "amnesia" is a condition of impaired memory. Is Cause of these diseases can be either organic or functional. Organic causes may include brain damage, caused by trauma or disease, or the use of drugs and the worst could also be caused by marrow transplantation operation spine. Functional causes are psychological factors, such as ego defense mechanisms. With a word or a term meaning above all contained the word "amnesia".

There are varying opinions of sociolinguistics expert on language variation. Holliday (1970) distinguishes variations in language based on (a) the use of the so-called registers, and (b) based on the use of the so-called dialect. Hartman and stork (1972) distinguish variations in language according to criteria (a) geography and social background of the speaker, (b) the medium used, (c) The subject. Kenyon (1984) distinguishes variations in language based on (a) cultural levels and (b) functional varieties. Nababan (1984: 4) differentiated with respect to regional variations in language or dialect known geographic location; regional variations with respect to the social group called sosiolek; diversity of languages and language in relation to the situation or level of formality called fungsiolek.

and regional variations with respect to future developments called kronolek. Thus sociolinguistic theory used in this thesis as the basis for reviewing the data and the fact that communication occurs among production operators PT. Charoen Pokphand Indonesia-Feedmill Krian. The sociolinguistic theory specifically to identify variations in the form of language registers and explains the social context and cause wear.

# 2.3 Special Words Related to Profession

Every profession has a distinctive word to communicate in the group or a specific word from the group but has a meaning so broad and can be understood by others who interact with the group. For example in the medical field is called the term "Amnesia" is a condition of impaired memory. Because of these diseases can be either organic or functional. Organic causes may include brain damage, caused by trauma or disease, or the use of drugs and the worst could also be caused by marrow transplantation operation spine. Functional causes are psychological factors, such as ego defense mechanisms. With a word or a term meaning above all contained the word "amnesia". This is such a special word on the show as a register language or language variation.

In this first chapter to describe, that sociolinguistics trying to explain the characteristics of language variation and correlation characteristics define the language variation by social characteristics. Is a fact that the production operator in PT. Charoen Pokphand Indonesia-Feedmill Krian has a typical language varies used among them and their workplace. Research in this thesis was to capture the

fact or had symptoms based on sociolinguistic theory and methods of scientific research in order to find answers to the two problems that have been raised in the first chapter.

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### 2.4 The Reason for Using Special Words

A group can't be separated from the language, the language we can communicate better and easier understanding of the purposes of a desired action. The sentence we can give a purpose to be able to communicate well, but there is also a special word to represent a series of purpose or meaning. Using special words of reason is nothing for us to communicate quickly, accurately, and effectively. Therefore Hence Holmes (*ibid*) says that "variety is a set of linguistic forms used under specific social circumstances, i.e. with a distinctive social distribution".