CHAPTER I

1.1. Background of the Study

Language is an essential aspect of human life. It is used to interact as a medium of communication. Discussing about language, surely it is related to the society for examples: slang, dialects, code-mixing, register etc. People always make different language variations according to the setting, place, and situation. Concerning with situation, there are formal and informal language. They belong to sociolinguistic phenomena. Formal language is used in a specific event regarded as a formal situation likes school circum stances, office meetings, speeches, wedding parties etc. Meanwhile informal language is used in informal situation. Usually it is expressed more relax and flexible events.

In language variation, people utilize specific vocabularies associated with different occupational group to describe the language, in which only certain group to describe people to understand about it. In addition, in their communication to a particular person the communication sometimes does not only use a standard language which is easy to be understood by other people but also the register which is clearly only a particular group. To make communication fluent, people also need to know register of particular field which they frequently use their communication. Holmes argues that register means the language of groups of people with common interest or jobs or language used in situation associated with such particular group (1992: 246).

Morever Wardhaugh says that registers are set of vocabulary items associated with discrete occupation or social groups (1997: 40). It means that the expression is understood by community itself, although writer sometimes are also

able to know the meaning of the expression used. The term shows us that register is a feature of language that has a special usage dealing with the society. People communicate among others because they also want to know about information or everything that is going on, not only the information about what happens with their relatives, friends, but also information about everything that happens. Communication occurs in the social life of the community, for example a student can communicate with friends at school, a child at home communicates with sibling or parents, and a worker in the work place they are different from the language indeed. Therefore, the register is also widely used in the field of employment, especially in hospitals.

Accordingly, this study provides an overview of the classification, meaning, and grammar formation of language diversity in the health field as in Accident and Emergency Department. Classification consists of several categories of meaning, and the formation of a variety of language grammar. The function of language diversity in the health field as in institutions as a mean of communication in Accident and Emergency Department that is declared the existence of self as health professionals. Language diversity and health workers very memorable difficulty in saying when directly expressed or heard by the general public. The phenomenon of language in the health sector had become a sort of code of procedure in the institutions, especially in hospitals. Interesting phenomena such as this will certainly have an impact on their struggle in showing the existence of self. The language they turned out to contain some sort of characteristic because it has a special pattern. The special pattern that has a lot of

meaning in it. Of course, the meaning serves as a communication between the health proffessional in their fellow workers.

From various studies the writer observed there are many health terms that include the following element: Human communication over comes health problems. The same communication with the communication in general, that there are health communication and messaging. Variations in the language of work in the field of health for example communication with fellow patients or other health professionals.

According Wolper and pena (1997), hospital is a place for the sick to seek and receive care from doctors, nurses and health professionals. Some workers in the work place they use different register from other places. Language as a function of means of communication between members of the community are used in a variety of environments, levels and diverse interests and social control that serves to control communication to people involved in the communication can understand each other. Each observing speech, behavior, and other symbols that indicate the direction of communication. Language can be realized in the form of rules, for example: communication among health care workers in the hospital different from the typical office employees. A hospital is a health care institution providing patient treatments with specialized staff and equipment. The best known type of hospital is the general hospital, which has an emergency department. Hospital according to the WHO Expert Committee On Organization Of Medical Care: is an integral part of social and medical organization, the function of the which is to provide for the population complete health care, both curative and preventive and whose out patient services reach out to the family and

its home environment: also the hospital is a center for the training of health workers and for biosocial writer.

To be familiar with the terms used, it is important to conduct a writer dealing with the investigation of them, the writer is interested to analyze and to know the meaning of the registers in health professionals. Therefore, the writer conducts a writer entitled: **"Study of Register Used By Health Professionals In Anwar Medika Hospital Krian, Balongbendo".** In this writer, the writer focuses on the register used by the workers in Anwar medika Hospital. A hospital may be defined as an association where two or persons come together for common business goal. Persons come together doing interaction in world work every day. In interaction the workers used easily language for communication. It has tools that allow the users to interact easily with worker and partner in the scope of hospital. The writer studies the terms used in the community that have the relationship with the social language in world work, whether the general terms. Therefore, writer examine the registers that are in Anwar Medika, rather than other hospitals.

1.2 Problems of the Study

Based the topic discussed in the following, the writer finally would like to explain the problems as follow:

1.2.1 What are the Registers used in the scope of work in anwar medika hospital?

1.2.2 Why are the registers used by doctors, nurses or midwives and medical personnel in the scope of work in anwar medika hospital?

1.3 Purposes of the study

The purpose of studying the registers used in the scope of work in hospital, nurses or midwives and medical personnel in the scope of work in the anwar medika hospital is:

1.3.1 To know the registers used in the scope of work in anwar medika hospital?

1.3.2 To know the purpose of registers used by doctors, nurses or midwives and medical personnel in the scope of work in anwar medika hospital?

1.4 Scope and Limitation

The scope of the study is in the field of sociolinguistics particularly with regard to the register. The register used in the scope of work in anwar medika hospital krian, balongbendo. are:

1.4.1   As a source of reference related to linguistic writers in the field of health in the hospital.

1.4.2   To facilitate language user in choosing and using the right words to convey meaning in the field of health information in the hospital.

1.5 Definition of key term

1.5.1Register

The term of register here describes as a language of groups of people with common interest of jobs or a language used in situation associated which such groups that stated by Holmes (1992: 279). Based on Fromkin and Rodman in their book *An Introduction to Language*, said that register are stylistic variant of a language appropriate with a particular social setting (Victoria F & Rodman R,

1998: 535) .

Wardhaugh says "the registers are set of vocabulary items associated with discrete occupation or social groups" (1997: 40). The expression is understood by community it self, although we sometimes can also know the meaning of the expression used. The terms show us that register is a feature of language that has a special usage dealing with the society.

1.5.2 Health Professional

Definition of health is the condition of being sound in body, mind or spirit, especially: freedom from physical disease or pain. Medical definition of health is the condition of an organism or one of its parts in which it performs its vital function normally. The state of being sound in body or mind.

A healthy life style is an over view of our activities or the activities supported by the desire and interest in us and how we live in the mind interact with our environment by Kotler (2002: 192). Neuman argues that healthy is a balance biopsycho-socio-culturaland spiritual on three lines of defensec lients are flexible, andresistantto normal (Neuman:1982). Perkins argues that healthy is a state of balance and dynamic between form and function of the body and the various factors that influence it by Perkins(1938).

1.5.3 Hospital

The definition of hospital is an organization through organized medical professionals and medical facilities are permanently organized medical services, continuous nursing care, diagnosis and treatment of the disease suffered by the

patient by American Hospital Association (1974) that is in the book by Azrul Anwar (1996: 82). Hospital as a place where sick people seek and receive medical services as well as a place where clinical education for medical students, nurses and many other health professions organized labor.

1.6 Benefits of Writer

1.6.1 Theoretically

The theoretical benefits to be achieved by the writer is to enrich the knowledge of the register and give a clear picture of the meaning of health and word formation registers used in hospital.

1.6.2 Practically

Practicalbenefits to be achieved by the writer are:

1.6.2.1   Enables the reader to know enroll in the health sciences.

1.6.2.2 This is to improve the new vocabulary about health articles for writers in
          particular and the general reader.