## **CHAPTER 5**

## CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION

## 5.1 Conclusion

After analysing the data beginning from classifying the speech in four topics then analysing the utterance from Greta Thunberg speech in United Nation Climate Action Summit 2019 using critical discourse analysis sosiocognitive approach and three power indicators. The answer of research question of this study such as 1) the power represent in Greta Thunberg speech were from the language she used which using hyperbole and sarcasm to the world leaders, Greta emphasize her message with the words which makes her voice heard by using such an unordinary way, condemning the world leaders using the utterance 'how dare you' not just once but four times in the entire speech. Instead of using the common used words like 'inhale' Greta replace it with 'sucking' to underline her message, another word that she replaced was 'fairy tales' instead of using 'lie'. Her power also represents in her individual image, bringing a child figure which speaks up for the climate change she doesn't have any behalf interest or being used by any parties to framing her message. 2) The way Greta delivered her speech using power was found from the three power indicators. Firstly she used the individual imposition to convince her listener while she appears as a child who doesn't have any behalf interest and only focus on the climate change crisis, where she began her struggle from herself and little action then inspired millions of people doing the same, demanding world leaders to act on climate change crisis. Her concern on climate change influenced from her condition of being an Asperger's and an OCD or obsessive compulsive disorder which her OCD likely contributes to her intense, passionate and unrelenting focus on speaking truth to power in urging climate. Second, she used the power of vision confirmation and transformation through the words she delivered, the pure and honest character of a child makes her straight out to convey her messages using hyperbole and sarcasm. Greta not only using her words to get the power, she transforms her vision to the real act along with reducing her emission and do striking on climate change demanding world leaders to act. Third, her consistency of doing strikes, speaking in many conferences, change her way of daily

living to reduce her emission, informing people about the climate change makes her got the power of strategic situation to make her listener and people inspired of what she has done. Her struggle to speak up on the climate change crisis was not only done once, but she is also consistent in doing strikes demanding world leaders to act on climate change crisis, informing people about climate change and campaign to reduce emission by traveling by train or another eco-friendly vehicle instead of flying. Her struggles then inspired millions of people to join the global strikes on climate called Friday for Future.

## 5.2 Suggestion for Further Research

After conducting this study, the researcher would like to suggest for the future research that will benefits for other researchers. This research will be significant especially for English Department students or other students that want to do the study based on Critical Discourse Analysis theory especially CDA using Sosiocognitive approach by Van dijk. With using the different object or source of data which are never analysed, it will be better if the issue presented is up to date and relate with the current condition, so that the researcher will easily follows the development news that gives noteworthy support for the study. By studying and understanding the intended meaning represent in the discourse through the critical discourse analysis, the researcher can be much more understand about the wider intended meaning of language use especially related to CDA which focusing on represent the power in discourse. Where the power could use as a way to convince the listener and make the message is underlined and get so much attention.