

BUKTI KORESPONDENSI

ARTIKEL JURNAL INTERNASIONAL BEREPUTASI SCOPUS Q3

Judul Artikel	: Time-restricted periodic fasting: A revolutionary approach to combat obesity by enhancing Bcl-2 pro-survival proteins
Jurnal	: Clinical Nutrition Open Science
Penulis	: Nurma Yuliyanasari, Hayuris Kinandita Setiawan, Adi Pranoto, Nabilah Izzatunnisa, Eva Nabiha Zamri, Muhammad Miftahussurur, Purwo Sri Rejeki

NO	PERIHAL	TANGAL
1	Bukti Submit artikel	12 Maret 2025
2	Bukti revisi	6 Juli 2025
3	Bukti revisi dan resubmit artikel setelah revisi	2 Agustus 2025
4	Bukti konfirmasi artikel accepted	10 Agustus 2025
5	Payment confirmation	25 Agustus 2025
6	Bukti konfirmasi artikel published online	Oktober 2025

1. Bukti submit artikel (12 Maret 2025)

← Submissions with an Editorial Office Decision for Author

Page: 1 of 1 (1 total completed submissions) Results per page: 10

Action	Manuscript Number	Title	Initial Date Submitted	Status Date	Current Status	Date Final Disposition Set	Final Disposition
Action Links	NUTOS-D-25-00049	Time-Restricted Periodic Fasting: A Revolutionary Approach to Combat Obesity by Enhancing Bcl-2 Pro-Survival Proteins	Mar 12, 2025	Aug 10, 2025	Completed - Accept	Aug 10, 2025	Accept

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2. Bukti revisi (6 Juli 2025)

Thank you for submitting your manuscript to Clinical Nutrition Open Science.

I have completed my evaluation of your manuscript. The reviewers recommend reconsideration of your manuscript following major revision. I invite you to resubmit your manuscript after addressing the comments below. Please resubmit your revised manuscript by Aug 02, 2025.

When revising your manuscript, please consider all issues mentioned in the reviewers' comments carefully; please outline every change made in response to their comments and provide suitable rebuttals for any comments not addressed. Please note that your revised submission may need to be re-reviewed.

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Clinical Nutrition Open Science values your contribution and I look forward to receiving your revised manuscript.

Kind regards,
Pierre Singer
Editor-in-Chief

Clinical Nutrition Open Science

Editor and Reviewer comments:

Reviewer #1: Introduction
1. Well written with concepts well explained.

Method
Study Design
1. What is the justification for using quasi-experimental study design instead of a randomized controlled trial.

Procedure
1. How was it determined that, the 10 days was enough to see any significant changes considering the influence of confounding and extraneous variables.

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✓ **Manuscript Revised Final**

- Revised Manuscript with Changes Marked
- Revision Checklist

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b. Bukti respon kepada reviewer

<p>Reviewer #1:</p> <p>Introduction</p> <p>1. Well written with concepts well explained.</p> <p>Response to reviewer:</p> <p>Thank you very much</p> <p>Method</p> <p>Study Design</p> <p>1. What is the justification for using <u>quasi-experimental</u> study design instead of a randomized controlled <u>trial</u>.</p> <p>Response to <u>reviewer</u>.</p> <p>Thank you for your question. We use quasi-experimental methods because our research aims to test causal relationships between variables without being able to completely control the <u>behaviour</u> or variables that may have an influence.</p> <p>Procedure</p> <p>1. How was it determined <u>that</u>, the 10 days <u>was</u> enough to see any significant changes <u>considering</u> the influence of confounding and extraneous <u>variables</u>.</p> <p>Response to <u>reviewer</u>.</p> <p>Thank you very much for your comment. We chose a 10-day fast based on previous research showing that a 10-day fast is quite effective in improving the body's adaptations to fasting, one of which is an increase in ketone bodies (De Toledo et al., 2019).</p> <p>De Toledo, F. W., Grundler, F., Bergouignan, A., Drinda, S., & Michalsen, A. (2019). Safety, health improvement and well-being during a 4 to 21-day fasting period in an observational study including 1422 subjects. <i>PLoS ONE</i>, 14(1), 1–23. https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0209353</p> <p>Inclusion criteria</p> <p>1. Inclusion criteria explicitly stated</p>	<p>Thank you very much for the comments</p> <p>Exclusion criteria</p> <p>1. There was no exclusion <u>criteria</u> indicated.</p> <p>Response to <u>reviewer</u>.</p> <p>Thank you very much for the comments. We have written the exclusion criteria in the <u>manuscript</u> (page 7, lines 112 -116)</p> <p>"<u>Excluded</u> were individuals with a history of diabetes mellitus, thyroid, parathyroid, and heart disease, hypertension, and malignancy, <u>consumed</u> alcohol, <u>smokers</u>, had dietary restrictions (vegetarianism and veganism), <u>using</u> acetylsalicylate drugs every day, <u>using</u> hormonal drugs, and <u>currently</u> enrolled in weight-loss programs."</p> <p>Sample size</p> <p>1. Did the study consider conducting a power analysis for the sample <u>size</u>.</p> <p>Response to <u>reviewer</u>.</p> <p>Thank you very much for the comments.</p> <p>Yes, we have used the sample size formula to determine the minimum sample size (pages 7, lines 117-12)</p> <p>"The sample size in this study was calculated based on the sample size formula according to Chow et al (2018) with standard deviation and mean difference values referring to previous research (Chow et al., 2018; De Toledo et al., 2020). From this formula, the minimum sample <u>for</u> each group is 11, and 38 participants participated in this study.</p> <p>This is a sample formula</p> $n = \frac{(s_{x_1} + s_{x_2})^2 \times d^2}{(x_1 - x_2)^2}$ <p>Results</p> <p>1. The study did not report on the sociodemographic differences of the two groups.</p>
<p>"During PF, participants in the PFG were only permitted to consume meals supplied by the authors. Fluid requirements were ensured to be at least 2 <u>liters</u> daily (<u>equal</u> to 1 glass) and there were no additional rules <u>on</u> the daily meal. Participants' daily circumstances were monitored, including their food consumption and any concerns that they might have regarding fasting. Throughout the trial, the CG and PFG groups were urged to adhere to their present dietary, physical activity regimens, and <u>exercise</u>."</p>	<p>Reviewer #2:</p> <p>- It is nice to study and consider the practical implications of this information</p> <p>- I prefer to <u>rewrite</u> the title of this article as follows: Time-Restricted Periodic Fasting: A Revolutionary Approach to Combat Obesity</p> <p>Response to <u>updates</u>.</p> <p>Thank you very much for the suggestion and comments.</p> <p>Regarding the title, I agree with the proposed title, "Time-Restricted Periodic Fasting: A Revolutionary Approach to Combat Obesity by Enhancing Bcl-2 Pro-Survival Proteins."</p> <p>- Just a simple inquiry</p> <p>- Can fasting and exercise prevent cellular senescence?</p> <p>Response to <u>updates</u>.</p> <p>Thank you very much for your question. Yes, fasting and exercise can prevent cellular aging, and <u>this is</u> explained on page 17, lines 295-303.</p> <p>"<u>Periodic</u> fasting may prevent cellular senescence by reducing oxidative stress and inflammation. Previous studies have shown that calorie restriction can lower lipid peroxidation, normalize adipocyte size and morphology, reduce fatty acids, and suppress the expression of senescence-related markers such as SASP, COX-2, M2, and M1-1. However, the link between periodic fasting and increased Bcl-2 expression in this context requires further exploration. Bcl-2 maintains mitochondrial homeostasis, enhances resistance to oxidative stress, and protects cells from premature apoptosis during early metabolic stress, such as that induced by fasting, in overweight individuals. Its mechanism may contribute to reduced cellular senescence (38,37)."</p> <p>- How effective is intermittent fasting for weight loss?</p> <p>Response to <u>updates</u>.</p> <p>Thank you very much for the questions.</p> <p>For weight loss, intermittent fasting is an effective strategy. <u>This study shows that, periodic fasting, which is one example of intermittent fasting, can significantly reduce body weight (p < 0.001) and is accompanied by a decrease in BMI (p < 0.001, waist circumference (p < 0.001), and waist-to-height ratio (p < 0.01)).</u> These results have been explained in the discussion on page 16, lines 252-269.</p> <p>"This study analyzed how obesity phenotypes in our study were affected by TRPF. Some participants in this study had abdominal adiposity and significant body fat (Table 1). This indicates the necessity for obesity control to lower the risk of obesity-related conditions like metabolic and cardiovascular diseases (2). The main results of this study demonstrated significant differences between the pre-test and post-test values of several obesity phenotypes, such as BMI and BMI. These findings were in line with those of de Toledo et al. (2020), who documented that a 10-day fasting strategy led to weight loss (22,36). Our study also demonstrated that TRPF helped people lose weight and improved their obesity phenotype by lowering their calorie intake (31)."</p>

4. Bukti konfirmasi artikel accepted (10 Agustus 2025)

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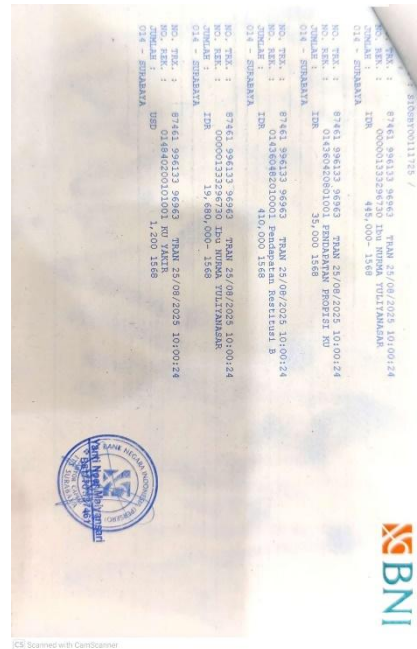
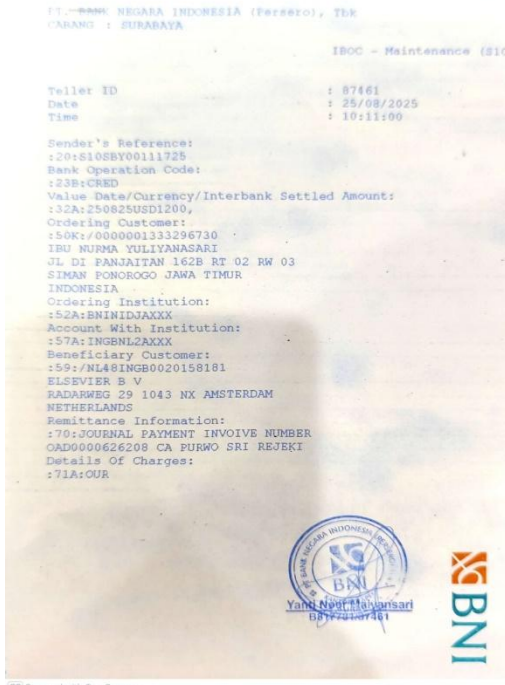
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5. Payment confirmation



6. Bukti konfirmasi artikel published online

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Outline

Summary

Keywords

Abbreviations

Introduction

Material and methods

Results

Discussion

Conclusion

Funding sources

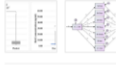
Declaration of competing interest

Acknowledgement

References

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Figures (2)



Tables (3)

Table 1

Table 2

Clinical Nutrition Open Science

Volume 63, October 2025, Pages 304-314

Original Article

Time-restricted periodic fasting: A revolutionary approach to combat obesity by enhancing Bcl-2 pro-survival proteins

Nurma Yuliyanasari ^{a, *}, Hayuri Kinandita Setiawan ^a, Adi Pranoto ^a, Nabillah Izzatunnisa ^a, Eva Nabila Zamri ^a, Muhammad Miftahussurur ^a, Purwo Sri Rejeki ^{a, b}

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Summary

Background & Aims
Obesity is a global health issue related to many physiological functions such as apoptosis and requires specific treatment approaches, especially in nutrition or diet modification. Our study aims to investigate the effects of time-restricted periodic fasting (TRPF) on the obesity phenotype and Bcl-2 pro-survival proteins in overweight or obese adults.

Methods
A quasi-experimental study was conducted in 38 young adult men with obesity and

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